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Overview



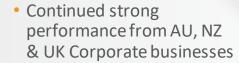
• Up 41.8%

Total dividend 12.585 cps

• Up 25.9%



Orders exceed pre-COVID levels



 Second-hand vehicle values remain exceptional Exceptional retention and further improvement in win rates

Growth in customer book and products per customer

· Delivery of orders remains challenging

sgfleet

• Strong growth in leads and order pipeline to benefit FY22

Operational Review - Australia



Corporate

- Strong performance continued from 1H21
- Competitive environment largely rational
 - Single competitor adopting unusual pricing tactics
 - Opportunities continue to emerge
- Multiple contract extensions
- Tender win rate improves further
- Growing interest in new products and solutions
 - Emphasis on capacity utilisation (Bookingintelligence) and flexibility (subscription services)
 - Greater focus on lower emission vehicles (eStart) and safety
- · Delivery of orders remains challenging
- Second-hand vehicle values remain at exceptional levels

Supply / Second-hand values normalisation expected to be gradual and prolonged



Operational Review - Australia



- Consumer confidence fluctuates in line with lockdowns improvement in second half
- Digitised and revitalised marketing approach
 - Improved digital customer experience
 - Tailored, employer-specific marketing and sales enablement
- Focus on building customer loyalty
 - Strong retention
 - Significant number of large wins, including panels
- Sustained demand recovery
 - Steady increase in leads now above pre-COVID levels
 - Corresponding increase in order pipeline
- Increase in revenue per order through greater penetration of additional products and services

Supply disruption defers deliveries of strong order pipeline into FY22

FY21 Results Investor Presentatio

Operational Review – United Kingdom



- Economic rebound as restrictions ease
- Car market recovering in line
 - Registrations to return to pre-COVID levels by 2022
 - Light commercial reaches 10-year high
 - Tax breaks boost LEV/EV interest
- Vehicle and parts supply shortages impact delivery
- Second-hand values remain at exceptional levels
- Funding environment challenging



- Continued wins across Corporate / SME / Employee Benefits businesses
 - Multiple new employee benefits schemes launched
 - Expecting large customer decisions in 1Q22
- Niche offering in light commercial and EV expertise in high demand
- Implementing previously won contracts and order deliveries within context of supply constraints

Strong COVID-period performance continues

Operational Review - New Zealand



- Continued economic recovery
- Improvement in business sentiment
 - Investment and hiring pick up
- New vehicle supply issues persist
- Second-hand values remain at record levels
- Tender activity steady
- Competitive environment rational
 - Single competitor adopting unusual pricing tactics

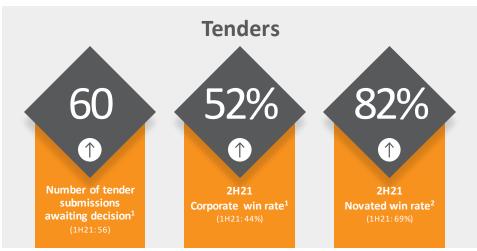


Business Activity

- Strong demand for innovation expertise
 - Low or zero-emission vehicles
 - Mobility services
- Further wins in energy sector
 - Recognition as industry expert
- Continued conversion of managed-only customers to funding
- Order pipeline remains at record levels

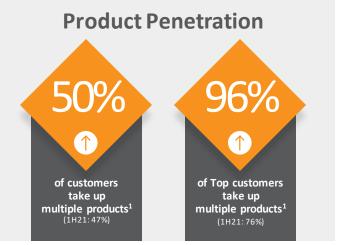
Business strengthens market position further

Tenders and Products Penetration – Update



1. AU/NZ / 2: AU

- · Tender activity and business opportunity levels rising
- Further improvement in win rate across Corporate and Novated
- 99% retention rate across Corporate and Novated segments
- 124 new customer accounts added in FY21



1. Legal entity basis - Corporate business

- Penetration increases further
- DingGo interest broadening rapidly
- Half of all customers take multiple products
 - 2/3rds of all government customers
 - Nearly 100% of large customers

Double impact of customer book growth and growth in products per customer

Products and services evolution supports shift towards recurring revenue profile

Financial Results



Financial Summary



A\$m	FY2021	FY2020	Variance
Revenue	482.1	452.9	6.4%
Cost of Revenue	(283.9)	(280.6)	(1.2%)
NetRevenue	198.2	172.3	15.0%
Operating Expenses	(103.5)	(97.9)	(5.7%)
Operating EBITDA	94.7	74.4	27.3%
Depreciation and amortisation expense	(16.6)	(16.6)	-
Operating Income	78.1	57.8	35.1%
Interest on Corporate Debt	(5.5)	(5.8)	5.2%
Underlying Net Profit Before Income Tax	72.6	52.0	39.6%
Тах	(21.0)	(15.6)	(34.6%)
Underlying Net Profit After Tax ¹	51.6	36.4	41.8%
Acquisition costs	(7.9)	-	-
Reported Net Profit After Tax	43.7	36.4	20.1%
Underlying Net Profit After Tax ¹	51.6	36.4	41.8%
Amortisation of Intangibles	7.1	6.9	2.9%
Underlying NPATA ²	58.7	43.3	35.6%
Underlying EPS (cents)	19.14	13.88	37.9%
Reported EPS (cents)	16.22	13.88	16.8%
Underlying Cash EPS (cents)	21.75	16.53	31.6%

- 2H21 vehicle orders consistently above pre-COVID levels
- New vehicle orders up >25% vs. pcp
- Disruptions to new vehicle supply impacted deliveries across all channels, novated in particular pipeline increase of 83%
- Despite disruptions, new funded vehicle deliveries increased 8.6% vs. pcp
- COVID-19 impact on key airline and university novated customers
- New vehicle supply chain disruptions, coupled with increased demand for used vehicles, resulted in unprecedented End of Lease Income
- Contributed to 41.8% growth in Underlying NPAT

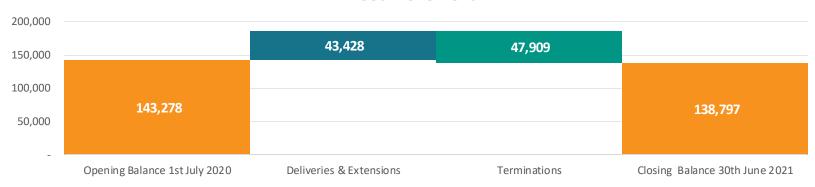
^{1.} Underlying Net Profit After Tax = Net Profit After Tax before significant non-recurring items.

^{2.} Underlying NPATA = Net Profit After Tax before acquisition-related expenses incurred during the reported period and excluding amortisation and impairment of intangible assets on an after tax basis.

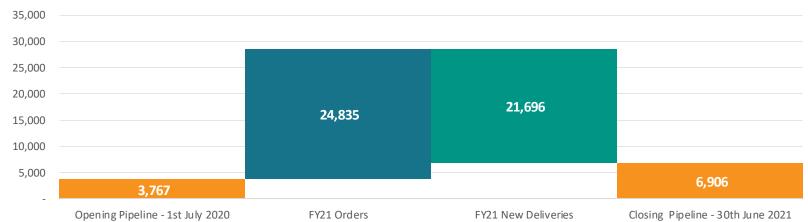
Fleet Movement and Order Pipeline







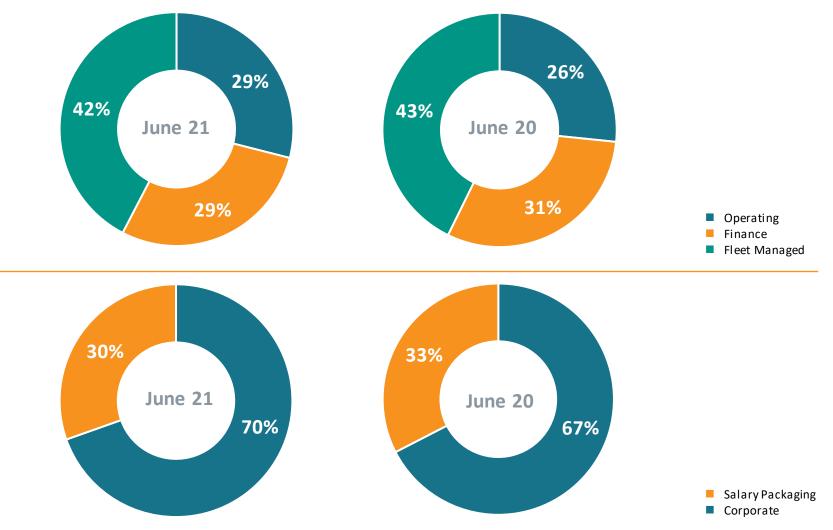
Pipeline Bridge



25% growth in orders and 83% increase in pipeline vs. pcp

Fleet Mix



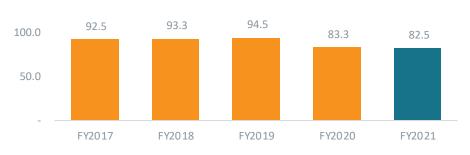


Continuation of shift in product mix in favour of Corporate Leasing

Revenue Analysis

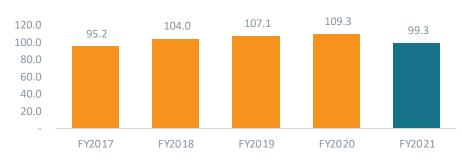


Management and Maintenance Income



- ↓ 0.9%
- Driven by 3.2% decrease in average funded fleet under management
- Reduction predominantly in Novated, due to impact of COVID-19 on airline and university customers
- Impact of new vehicle supply disruptions

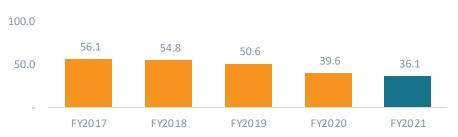
Additional Products and Services



↓9.2%

- Impacted by 9.6% reduction in new novated deliveries
- Q1 of pcp benefited from the tail impact of insurance products exited

Finance Commission

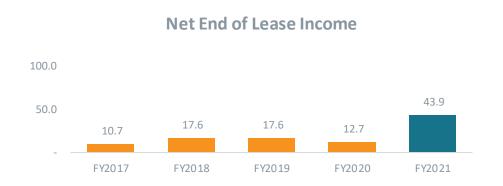


\$8.8%

- Impact of:
 - shift in product mix from novated to corporate due to make-up of deliveries this year
 - growth in extensions

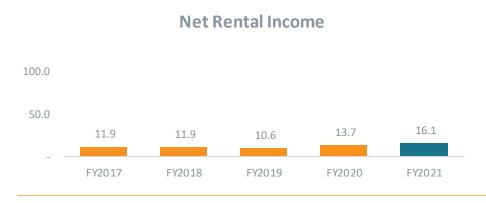
Revenue and Direct Costs Analysis





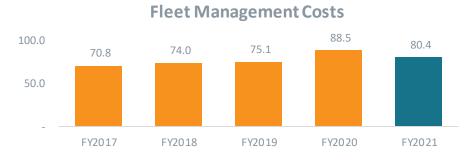
† 246.1%

- Exceptionally strong second-hand market due to strong demand and limited supply of used vehicles
- Disposal volumes up 2.7% vs. pcp
- TradeAdvantage reclassified to Additional Products and Services



† 17.8%

- Growth in on-balance sheet funding
- Increase in informal extensions

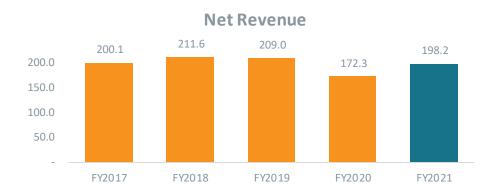


↓ 9.2%

- Reduced vehicle utilisation due to COVID-19 resulted in lower maintenance expense
- Accessory cost of sale reduced in line with lower accessory sales due to lower novated volumes

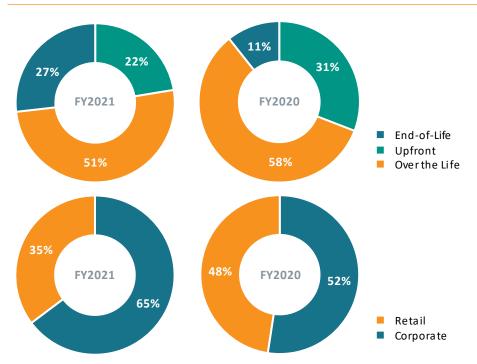
Net Revenue Analysis





† 15.0%

- Net Revenue = Gross Revenue less direct costs, being fleet management costs, vehicle cost of sales, short-term rental costs of sales, and depreciation and interest on the lease portfolio
- Growth of 15% due to growth in End of Lease Income



 Strong used market increased the End-of-Life proportion of Net Revenue and materially shifted the proportion of Net Revenue earned from the Corporate segment

Expense Analysis

FY2017





FY2019

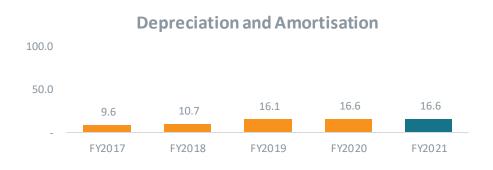
FY2020

FY2021

FY2018

† 5.7%

- 3.4% reduction in average FTEs
- Increase in opex largely driven by increase in employment costs:
 - pcp benefitted from COVID-19-related salary reductions
 - full STI accrual in FY21
 - LTI lapsed and a ccrual reversed in FY20 vs. full LTI accrual in FY21
- pcp restated impact of IFRIC SaaS decision



↔ 0.0%

Consistent with pcp



↓ 5.2%

Impact of lower interest rates on unhedged portion of corporate debt

Balance Sheet, Cashflow and Dividend

- Cash conversion 134.8% of Statutory EBITDA
- Net corporate debt¹ \$(96.3m) (\$26.1m pcp)
- Pro-forma net leverage ratio²
 - Total leverage (0.3x) Statutory EBITDA (0.9x pcp)
 - Corporate leverage (0.9x) Statutory EBITDA (0.3x pcp)
- Final dividend 5.393 cents per share fully franked (based on NPATA after deducting deal costs)
- Total dividend of 12.585 cents per share fully franked,
 25.9% higher than pcp
- Payout ratio adjusted for impact of rights issue



^{2.} Leverage ratio calculated on Pro forma EBITDA excluding significant non-recurring transactions



Operational Update & Outlook



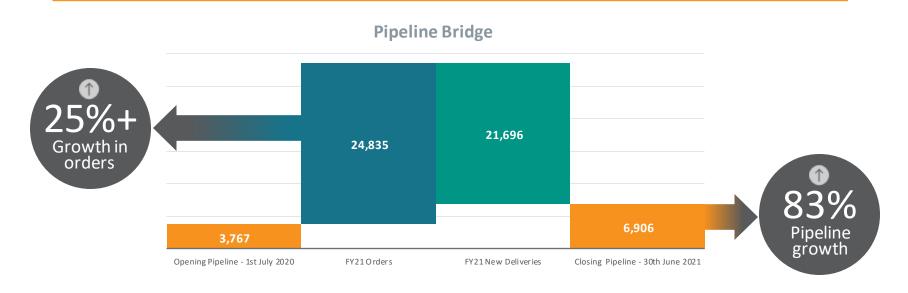
Supply, Orders and Delivery Pipeline

Global disruption of manufacturing

- 2020 production down 16% on 2019
- Multi-year recovery expected
- Australian situation not expected to improve before year-end

Business impact

- Impact differs from broader market due to demand for specific assets
- Encouraging Novated drivers to forward plan orders
- Strong dealership relationships ensure access to stock



Order pipeline growth and supply disruption to push significant delivery volumes into FY22

Low- and Zero-Emission Vehicles - Update

eStart: full development and implementation of LEV/ZEV transition

Vehicle selection / fleet policy / infrastructure / billing integration

Part of broader emission reduction approach

Leading government and corporate customers signed up

Penetration accelerating

47% increase

in LEV/ZEV vehicles in ANZ Fleet (FY21)



of UK fleet in LEV/ZEV



12%

of SG Fleet's own fleet in LEV/ZEV



- Continued innovation
 - First hydrogen fleet operational
 - Exploring commercial EV vehicle feasibility
 - Integration of support infrastructure data
 - REVS project participation

Recognised leadership in LEV/ZEV expertise and environmental impact approach

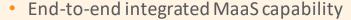


Mobility-as-a-Service (MaaS)

- Current product & services offering rapidly evolving into MaaS capability
- Increased focus on more efficient use of available transport resources
 - Move towards pooled assets drives need for efficient sharing management
 - Exponential growth in Bookingintelligence use

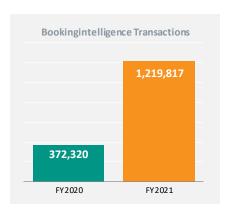


- Vehicles owned, operated and managed by Mobility-as-a-Service (MaaS) providers
 - Investment in subscription services (Carly)
 - Development of connected car capabilities
 - Further telematics and data integration into Bookingintelligence / Fleetintelligence



- Vehicle technology and management
- Enhanced fleet management
- Trip management

Journey planning
Transport data and access
Booking and payment







Industry leadership position in developing MaaS capability

COVID-19 Update

People

- Focus on health & safety
- Return to Work-from-Home set-up where required

Customers

- Contact moved online where restrictions exist
- Providing additional assistance
- Relaunch of 'We Are Here to Help' campaign to address mobility disruption



Business operations

- Managing impact of temporary dealer and supplier shutdowns
- Operational efficiency drive unaffected by COVID situation

Demand

- In line with 2020 experience no meaningful impact on Corporate business at this stage
- Monitoring Novated leads for COVID impact

LeasePlan ANZ Acquisition Update

Complementary	Synergistic business portfolioStrengths in respective customer basesProducts and services range extended
Workforce fit	Strong cultural alignmentRelevant expertise and experience retained
Scale	Increase in operational scaleSignificant efficiencies
Consistent with stated strategic objectives	 Improvement in proportion of recurring revenue Continued optimisation of business mix
Optimised book	Funding diversification improved
Cooperative integration	 Detailed integration program Transitional Services Agreement Alliance with LeasePlan Corporation

- Final regulatory approval expected imminently
- Integration planning well progressed
- Focus on retention of relevant expertise
- Profits to accrue from completion



Completion on track for 1 September

Summary

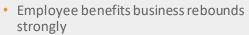
Australia – Corporate



- Strong performance continues
- Interest in new products and solutions broadens
- Second-hand values remain at exceptional level (AU, NZ & UK)

UK





Customers

- Retention levels exceptional
- Continued improvement in tender win rates and product penetration

Australia - Novated



- Overall consumer confidence improves despite lockdowns
- Sustained recovery in demand with leads exceeding pre-COVID levels

New Zealand



- Further high profile wins
- Order pipeline at record levels



- Growing demand for EV strategy design and implementation services amongst blue chip customer base
- Product and services innovation moves towards provision of MaaS
- Continued trend towards higher recurring revenue profile

Outlook



- Second-hand values expected to normalise gradually
- Supply constraints to persist recovery not expected in current half
- Order book and pipeline growth push significant delivery volumes into FY22
- Further growth in new business opportunities in Corporate and Novated
- Continued recovery in UK
- COVID-19 challenges managed efficiently, with limited impact expected at this stage
- LeasePlan acquisition completion on schedule – integration planning in place
- Acquired business profits to accrue from completion

Questions



Annexure





Annexure



Management and Maintenance Income Additional Products and Services Finance Commission End Of Lease Income Rental Income Other Income Total Revenue Fleet Management Costs Short Term Hire Costs Cost of End of Lease Income Operating Lease Depreciation Direct Interest Total Expenses	82.5 99.3 36.1 217.6 46.0 0.6 482.1 (80.4) (11.1) (173.7) (16.3) (2.4) (283.9)	83.3 109.3 39.6 176.2 42.3 2.2 452.9 (88.5) (10.8) (163.5) (15.6) (2.3) (280.6)	(0.9%) (9.2%) (8.8%) 23.5% 8.6% (72.0%) 6.4% 9.2% (3.0%) (6.2%) (4.8%) (5.4%)
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Direct Interest Total Expenses	(2.4)	(2.3)	(5.4%)
Total Expenses	. ,	, ,	
·	(203.3)	(280.0)	(1.2/0)
Not Payanua			
Net Revenue	198.2	172.3	15.0%
Net Revenue excluding End of Lease Income	154.3	159.6	(3.3%)
Net End of Lease Income	43.9	12.7	246.1%
Employee Benefits Expense	(80.9)	(73.5)	(10.1%)
Occupancy Costs	(2.4)	(2.3)	(8.1%)
IT and Communication Costs	(10.8)	(11.7)	8.4%
Other Expenses	(9.4)	(10.3)	9.3%
Total Operating Expenses	(103.5)	(97.9)	(5.7%)
Operating EBITDA	94.7	74.4	27.3%
Depreciation and amortisation expense	(16.6)	(16.6)	(0.0%)
Operating Income	78.1	57.8	35.1%
Interest on Corporate Debt	(5.5)	(5.8)	5.2%
Underlying Net Profit Before Income Tax	72.6	52.0	39.6%
Tax	(21.0)	(15.6)	(34.6%)
Underlying Net Profit After Tax ¹	51.6	36.4	41.8%
One Off Costs	(7.9)	-	-
Reported Net Profit After Tax	43.7	36.4	20.1%
Amortisation of Intangibles	7.1	6.9	2.9%
Underlying NPATA ²	58.7	43.4	35.6%

^{1.} Underlying Net Profit After Tax = Net Profit After Tax before significant non-recurring items.

^{2.} Underlying NPATA = Net Profit After Tax before acquisition-related expenses incurred during the reported period and excluding amortisation and impairment of intangible assets on an after tax basis.